

ANSWER KEY

Stoichiometry - Sheet #1: Mass - Mass Problems

Questions	Answers
1. When 142 g of calcium fluoride are reacted with an excess of sodium bromide, calculate the mass of calcium bromide formed. $\text{CaF}_2 + 2\text{NaBr} \rightarrow \text{CaBr}_2 + 2\text{NaF}$	364 g CaBr_2
2. How many grams of sodium aluminate can be obtained from 7.71 g of aluminum chloride according to the reaction: $\text{AlCl}_3(\text{aq}) + 4\text{NaOH}(\text{aq}) \rightarrow \text{NaAlO}_2(\text{aq}) + 3\text{NaCl}(\text{aq}) + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l})$	4.74 g NaAlO_2
3. How many grams of carbon dioxide are obtained when 2.96 g of cerium(III) oxalate are formed according to the reaction: $2\text{Ce}(\text{IO}_3)_4(\text{aq}) + 24\text{H}_2\text{C}_2\text{O}_4(\text{aq}) \rightarrow \text{Ce}_2(\text{C}_2\text{O}_4)_3(\text{aq}) + 4\text{I}_2(\text{aq}) + 42\text{CO}_2(\text{g}) + 24\text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l})$	10.1 g CO_2
4. Calculate the mass of sodium permanganate that can be prepared from 1.27 g of sodium bismutate according to the reaction: $2\text{Mn}(\text{NO}_3)_2 + 5\text{NaBiO}_3 + 14\text{HNO}_3 \rightarrow 2\text{NaMnO}_4 + 5\text{Bi}(\text{NO}_3)_3 + 3\text{NaNO}_3 + 7\text{H}_2\text{O}$	0.258 g NaMnO_4
5. If excess sulfuric acid is reacted with sodium hydroxide, 15.0 g of water is formed. What mass of sodium hydroxide was used? $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4 + 2\text{NaOH} \rightarrow \text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4 + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	33.3 g NaOH
6. 50.0 g of calcium carbonate was added to excess phosphoric acid. What mass of calcium phosphate was formed? $3\text{CaCO}_3 + 2\text{H}_3\text{PO}_4 \rightarrow \text{Ca}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2 + 3\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3$	51.7 g $\text{Ca}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2$
7. Calculate the mass of barium nitrate that must decompose in order to produce 112 g of oxygen. $2\text{Ba}(\text{NO}_3)_2 \rightarrow 2\text{BaO} + 4\text{NO}_2 + \text{O}_2$	915 g $\text{Ba}(\text{NO}_3)_2$
8. Calculate the mass of potassium chloride that is produced when 17.0 g of potassium carbonate reacts with hydrochloric acid. $\text{K}_2\text{CO}_3 + 2\text{HCl} \rightarrow 2\text{KCl} + \text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{CO}_2$	18.3 g KCl
9. When "x" grams of calcium chloride was reacted with an excess of bromine, 14.0 kg of a gas was formed. Calculate "x". $\text{CaCl}_2 + \text{Br}_2 \rightarrow \text{CaBr}_2 + \text{Cl}_2$	21.9 kg CaCl_2
10. How many grams of zinc oxide are formed when zinc reacts with oxygen? $2\text{Zn} + \text{O}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{ZnO}$	12.4 g ZnO
11. Sodium nitrate decomposes to give 3.00 g of oxygen. Calculate the mass of sodium nitrate used. $2\text{NaNO}_3 \rightarrow 2\text{NaNO}_2 + \text{O}_2$	15.9 g NaNO_3

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12. Potassium metal reacts with 70.0 g of chlorine. Calculate the mass of product.	147 g KCl —
13. Calculate the mass of magnesium oxide that must be decomposed in order to produce 48.0 g of oxygen. $2\text{MgO} \rightarrow 2\text{Mg} + \text{O}_2$	121 g MgO